

American Eurocopter Corp. Technical Support 2701 Forum Drive Grand Prairie, TX 75052

Subject: Global AMOC for AD 2013-19-19

Attachment: AD 2013-19-19 dated September 9, 2013 with Effective Date October 16, 2013

To All AS332 Operators,

On September 9, 2013 AD 2013-19-19 was issued for the Eurocopter model AS332 to include all versions AS332C, AS332 L1, AS332 L2, and EC225LP concerning the ultrasonic inspection method.

This AMOC allows the use of Emergency Alert Service Bulletin AS332-01.00.82 Revision 4, dated December 17, 2013 as an alternate use of compliance.

Best Regards,

Mark Jones

Director, Technical Support American Eurocopter Corp.

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Southwest Region Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, Texas

Fort Worth, Texas 76137

December 23, 2013

Mr. Mark Jones Director, Technical Support American Eurocopter Corp., 2701 Forum Dr. Grand Prairie, TX 75052-7099

Dear Mr. Jones,

We have reviewed American Eurocopter Corporation's proposed global Alternative Method of Compliance (AMOC) with FAA AD 2013-19-19, paragraph (e)(2) under the section entitled "Required actions". The AMOC is requesting the use of the ultrasonic inspection method, in lieu of Eddy current, as described in the procedure identified in Eurocopter Alert Service Bulletin (EASB) No. AS332-01.00.82 Revision 4, dated December 17, 2013.

American Eurocopter Corporation's proposed AMOC for helicopter models AS332C, AS332L, AS332L1, and AS332L2 affected by FAA AD 2013-19-19 is approved for paragraph (e)(2) of the section titled "Required actions".

However, the ultrasonic inspection must be performed by a level II or level III inspector certified in the ultrasonic fault detection method in the Aeronautics Sector according to the EN4179 or NAS410 standard and trained by Eurocopter..

This FAA AMOC is transferable with the aircraft to an operator who operates the aircraft under U.S. registry.

Before using this AMOC, notify your appropriate principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office/certificate holding district office.

This AMOC does not invalidate other similar AMOCs that have been issued.

All provisions of AD 2013-19-19 that are not specifically referenced above remain fully applicable and must be complied with accordingly.

If you have any questions, please contact Rao Edupuganti, by phone at 817-222-4389 or email at rao.edupuganti@faa.gov.

Sincerely,

Jim Grigg

Manager, Safety Management Group

Aircraft Certification Service

[Federal Register Volume 78, Number 190 (Tuesday, October 1, 2013)]

[Rules and Regulations]

[Pages 60188-60191]

From the Federal Register Online via the Government Printing Office [www.gpo.gov]

[FR Doc No: 2013-23580]

DEPARTMENT OF TRANSPORTATION

Federal Aviation Administration

14 CFR Part 39

[Docket No. FAA-2013-0807; Directorate Identifier 2013-SW-035-AD; Amendment 39-17601; AD 2013-19-19]

RIN 2120-AA64

Airworthiness Directives; Eurocopter France (Eurocopter) Helicopters

AGENCY: Federal Aviation Administration (FAA), Department of Transportation (DOT).

ACTION: Final rule; request for comments.

SUMMARY: We are adopting a new airworthiness directive (AD) for Eurocopter Model AS332C, AS332L, AS332L1, AS332L2, and EC225LP helicopters. This AD requires replacing certain serial-numbered main gearbox (MGB) bevel gear vertical shafts because they are no longer airworthy. Also, this AD requires certain inspections of each MGB bevel gear vertical shaft (shaft) for a crack. Also, this AD requires if there is a crack, replacing the shaft with an airworthy part before further flight. This AD is prompted by two incidents of emergency ditching after warning indications of loss of MGB oil pressure. These actions are intended to detect a cracked shaft, which could result in loss of MGB oil pressure, loss of the MGB lubrication system, and subsequent loss of control of the helicopter.

DATES: This AD becomes effective October 16, 2013.

We must receive comments on this AD by December 2, 2013.

ADDRESSES: You may send comments by any of the following methods:

- Federal eRulemaking Docket: Go to http://www.regulations.gov. Follow the online instructions for sending your comments electronically.
- Fax: 202-493-2251.
- Mail: Send comments to the U.S. Department of Transportation, Docket Operations, M-30, West Building Ground Floor, Room W12-140, 1200 New Jersey Avenue SE., Washington, DC 20590-0001.
- Hand Delivery: Deliver to the "Mail" address between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays.

Examining the AD Docket

You may examine the AD docket on the Internet at http://www.regulations.gov or in person at the Docket Operations Office between 9 a.m. and 5 p.m., Monday through Friday, except Federal holidays. The AD docket contains this AD, the European Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD, the economic evaluation, any comments received, and other information. The street address for the Docket Operations Office (telephone 800-647-5527) is in the ADDRESSES section. Comments will be available in the AD docket shortly after receipt.

For service information identified in this AD, contact American Eurocopter Corporation, 2701 N. Forum Drive, Grand Prairie, TX 75052; telephone (972) 641-0000 or (800) 232-0323; fax (972) 641-3775; or at http://www.eurocopter.com/techpub.

You may review the referenced service information at the FAA, Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 2601 Meacham Blvd., Room 663, Fort Worth, Texas 76137.

FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT: Rao Edupuganti, Aviation Safety Engineer, Regulations and Policy Group, Rotorcraft Directorate, FAA, 2601 Meacham Blvd., Fort Worth, Texas 76137; telephone (817) 222-5110; email rao.edupuganti@faa.gov.

SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:

Comments Invited

This AD is a final rule that involves requirements affecting flight safety, and we did not provide you with notice and an opportunity to provide your comments prior to it becoming effective. However, we invite you to participate in this rulemaking by submitting written comments, data, or views. We also invite comments relating to the economic, environmental, energy, or federalism impacts that resulted from adopting this AD. The most helpful comments reference a specific portion of the AD, explain the reason for any recommended change, and include supporting data. To ensure the docket does not contain duplicate comments, commenters should send only one copy of written comments, or if comments are filed electronically, commenters should submit them only one time. We will file in the docket all comments that we receive, as well as a report summarizing each substantive public contact with FAA personnel concerning this rulemaking during the comment period. We will consider all the comments we receive and may conduct additional rulemaking based on those comments.

Discussion

We are adopting a new AD for the specified Eurocopter helicopters with certain part-numbered shafts. This AD requires replacing certain serial-numbered shafts because they are no longer airworthy. Also, this AD requires certain inspections at specified intervals of each shaft for a crack. This AD also requires if there is a crack, replacing the shaft with an airworthy part before further flight. This AD is prompted by two incidents of emergency ditching after warning indication of loss of oil pressure. A full circumferential crack of the lower shaft occurred in the area where two sections of the shaft are welded together. As a result, the shaft stopped driving the main and backup oil pumps leading to warning indications of the loss of the MGB lubrication. The crew activated the MGB emergency lubrication system, and following a warning that indicated failure of that system, performed a controlled ditching into the sea. These actions are intended to detect a cracked shaft, which could result in loss of MGB oil pressure, loss of the MGB lubrication system, and subsequent loss of control of the helicopter.

This AD is prompted by EASA AD 2013-0138R1, dated July 15, 2013, issued by EASA, which is the Technical Agent for the Member States of the European Union. EASA AD 2013-0138R1 was issued to revise EASA AD 2013-0138-E, dated July 9, 2013, which superseded EASA Emergency

AD 2012-1250-E, dated November 21, 2012, to correct an unsafe condition for the Eurocopter Model AS332C, AS332C1, AS332L1, AS332L2, and EC225LP helicopters, all serial numbers, with certain part-numbered shafts, installed.

EASA advises of two events of the Model EC225LP helicopters. In both cases, an emergency ditching was performed after warning indication of MGB loss of oil pressure and subsequent additional red alarm on the MGB emergency lubrication system (EMLUB). EASA also advises of a full circumferential crack of the lower vertical shaft of the MGB bevel gear in the area where the two sections of the shaft are welded together. As a result, the vertical shaft ceased to drive the main and backup oil pumps leading to warning indications of the loss of the MGB main and standby oil lubrication systems. The crew activated the EMLUB system and, following a subsequent warning indicating failure of that system, performed a controlled ditching into the sea.

EASA advises that Eurocopter determined after investigating the incidents that the MGB bevel gear vertical shaft failures resulted from a combination of factors, including stress hot-spots induced by the shaft geometry, residual stresses in the shaft weld material resulting from the manufacturing process, and corrosion pitting inside the shaft on areas where gear spline wear particles accumulated.

The EASA AD allows continued operations under certain conditions if equipped with a Vibration Health Monitoring System (VHM).

FAA's Determination

These helicopters have been approved by the aviation authority of France and are approved for operation in the United States. Pursuant to our bilateral agreement with France, EASA, its technical representative, has notified us of the unsafe condition described in the EASA AD. We are issuing this AD because we evaluated all information provided by EASA and determined the unsafe condition exists and is likely to exist or develop on other helicopters of these same type designs.

Interim Action

We consider this AD interim action. The design approval holder is currently developing a newly-designed shaft that will address the unsafe condition identified in this AD. Once the newly-designed shaft is developed, approved, and available, we might consider additional rulemaking.

Related Service Information

Eurocopter has issued the following service information:

- ASB No. AS332-01.00.82, Revision 3, dated July 8, 2013, for the Model AS332C, C1, L, L1, L2 civil helicopters and Model AS332B, B1, M, M1, and F1 military model helicopters. The ASB defines the new inspection requirements to detect a crack in the shaft.
- ASB No. EC225-04A009, Revision 3, dated July 8, 2013 for Model EC225LP helicopters. The ASB defines the new inspection requirements to detect a crack in the shaft.

AD Requirements

This AD requires:

- Removing certain part-numbered and serial-numbered shafts from service, which are no longer considered airworthy.
- For certain model helicopters, before further flight and at specified intervals, eddy current inspecting the shaft for a crack in the area of the weld.
- For Model EC225LP, before further flight, either installing a placard in full view of the pilot with the following statement in red, 6 millimeter letters on a white background: "MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS TORQUE LIMITED TO 70% DURING LEVEL FLIGHTS AT IAS

EQUAL TO OR MORE THAN 60 KTS," and before further flight and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 11.5 hours TIS, removing the main jet and emergency spraying jet, and ultrasonic inspecting the shaft in the weld area for a crack; or

- Before further flight and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 8 hours TIS, removing the main
 jet and emergency spraying jet, and ultrasonic inspecting the shaft for a crack in the area of
 the weld.
- Each eddy current or ultrasonic inspection be done by a Level II or Level III operator certified in the ultrasonic fault detection method in the Aeronautics Sector according to the EN4179 or NAS410 standard.
- If there is a crack, before further flight, replacing the shaft with an airworthy part.

Differences Between This AD and the EASA AD

The EASA AD allows continued operations under certain conditions if equipped with a VHM. The VHM system is validated by FAA for information only, and therefore we have not adopted that portion of the EASA AD.

Costs of Compliance

We estimate that this AD will affect four helicopters of U.S. Registry.

We estimate that operators may incur the following costs to comply with this AD. We estimate labor at \$85 per work hour. Minimal cost to install a placard and 3 work hours to inspect each shaft for a crack, it will cost \$255 per helicopter and \$1,020 for the fleet per inspection. To replace a shaft, it will take 44 work hours and \$1,243,350 for required parts for a total of \$1,247,090 per helicopter.

FAA's Justification and Determination of the Effective Date

Providing an opportunity for public comments before adopting these AD requirements would delay implementing the safety actions needed to correct this known unsafe condition. Therefore, we find that the risk to the flying public justifies waiving notice and comment before adopting this rule because the required corrective actions must be done within 10 hours TIS and at repeated intervals within short periods of time.

Since an unsafe condition exists that requires the immediate adoption of this AD, we determined that notice and opportunity for public comment before issuing this AD are impracticable and that good cause exists for making this amendment effective in less than 30 days.

Authority for This Rulemaking

Title 49 of the United States Code specifies the FAA's authority to issue rules on aviation safety. Subtitle I, section 106, describes the authority of the FAA Administrator. "Subtitle VII: Aviation Programs," describes in more detail the scope of the Agency's authority.

We are issuing this rulemaking under the authority described in "Subtitle VII, Part A, Subpart III, Section 44701: General requirements." Under that section, Congress charges the FAA with promoting safe flight of civil aircraft in air commerce by prescribing regulations for practices, methods, and procedures the Administrator finds necessary for safety in air commerce. This regulation is within the scope of that authority because it addresses an unsafe condition that is likely to exist or develop on products identified in this rulemaking action.

Regulatory Findings

We determined that this AD will not have federalism implications under Executive Order 13132. This AD will not have a substantial direct effect on the States, on the relationship between the national Government and the States, or on the distribution of power and responsibilities among the various levels of government.

For the reasons discussed, I certify that this AD:

- 1. Is not a "significant regulatory action" under Executive Order 12866;
- 2. Is not a "significant rule" under DOT Regulatory Policies and Procedures (44 FR 11034, February 26, 1979);
- 3. Will not affect intrastate aviation in Alaska to the extent that it justifies making a regulatory distinction; and
- 4. Will not have a significant economic impact, positive or negative, on a substantial number of small entities under the criteria of the Regulatory Flexibility Act.

We prepared an economic evaluation of the estimated costs to comply with this AD and placed it in the AD docket.

List of Subjects in 14 CFR Part 39

Air transportation, Aircraft, Aviation safety, Incorporation by reference, Safety.

Adoption of the Amendment

Accordingly, under the authority delegated to me by the Administrator, the FAA amends 14 CFR part 39 as follows:

PART 39-AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVES

1. The authority citation for part 39 continues to read as follows:

Authority: 49 U.S.C. 106(g), 40113, 44701.

§ 39.13 [Amended]

2. The FAA amends § 39.13 by adding the following new airworthiness directive (AD):

AIRWORTHINESS DIRECTIVE



www.faa.gov/aircraft/safety/alerts/ www.gpoaccess.gov/fr/advanced.html

2013-19-19 Eurocopter France: Amendment 39-17601; Docket No. FAA-2013-0807; Directorate Identifier 2013-SW-035-AD.

(a) Applicability

This AD applies to Eurocopter Model AS332C, AS332L, AS332L1, AS332L2, and EC225LP helicopters, with main gearbox (MGB) bevel gear vertical shaft (shaft), part number (P/N) 332A32-5101-00, 332A32-5101-05, 332A32-5101-10, or 332A32-5101-15, certificated in any category.

(b) Unsafe Condition

This AD defines the unsafe condition as a cracked shaft resulting in loss of MGB oil pressure. These actions are intended to prevent loss of the MGB lubrication system and subsequent loss of control of the helicopter.

(c) Effective Date

This AD becomes effective October 16, 2013.

(d) Compliance

You are responsible for performing each action required by this AD within the specified compliance time unless it has already been accomplished prior to that time.

(e) Required Actions

- (1) Before further flight, remove shaft, P/N 332A32-5101-00, 332A32-5101-05, 332A32-5101-10, or 332A32-5101-15, with S/N M330 through M340 (inclusive) and S/N M370 through M5000 (inclusive) from service, which are no longer considered airworthy.
- (2) For Model AS332C, AS332L, AS332L1, and AS332L2 helicopters, before further flight and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 10 hours time-in-service (TIS), eddy current inspect the shaft for a crack in the area of the weld, which must be done by a Level II or Level III inspector certified in the eddy current fault detection method in the Aeronautics Sector according to the EN4179 or NAS410 standard.
 - (3) For Model EC225LP, either do paragraphs (3)(i) and (3)(ii) or do paragraph (3)(iii).
- (i) Before further flight, install a placard in full view of the pilot with the following statement in red, 6 millimeter letters on a white background: "MAXIMUM CONTINUOUS TORQUE LIMITED TO 70% DURING LEVEL FLIGHTS AT IAS EQUAL TO OR MORE THAN 60 KTS," and
- (ii) Before further flight and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 11.5 hours TIS, remove the main jet and emergency spraying jet, and ultrasonic inspect the shaft in the weld area for a crack, which must be done by a Level II or Level III inspector certified in the eddy current fault detection method in the Aeronautics Sector according to the EN4179 or NAS410 standard, or
- (iii) Before further flight, and thereafter at intervals not to exceed 8 hours TIS, remove the main jet and emergency spraying jet, and ultrasonic inspect the shaft for a crack in the area of the weld,

which must be done by a Level II or Level III operator certified in the ultrasonic fault detection method in the Aeronautics Sector according to the EN4179 or NAS410 standard.

(4) If there is a crack, before further flight, replace the shaft with an airworthy part.

(f) Alternative Methods of Compliance (AMOCs)

- (1) The Manager, Safety Management Group, FAA, may approve AMOCs for this AD. Send your proposal to Rao Edupuganti, Aviation Safety Engineer, Regulations and Policy Group, Rotorcraft Directorate, FAA, 2601 Meacham Blvd., Fort Worth, Texas 76137; telephone (817) 222-5110; email rao.edupuganti@faa.gov.
- (2) For operations conducted under a 14 CFR part 119 operating certificate or under 14 CFR part 91, subpart K, we suggest that you notify your principal inspector, or lacking a principal inspector, the manager of the local flight standards district office or certificate holding district office, before operating any aircraft complying with this AD through an AMOC.

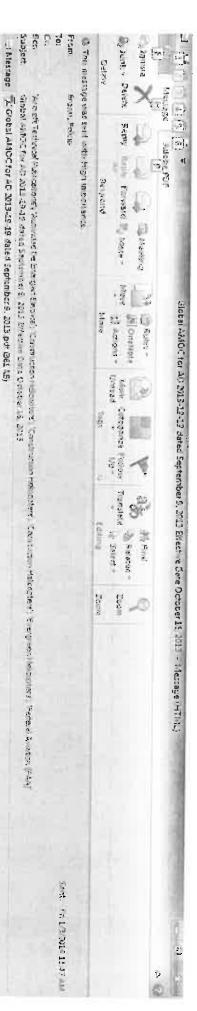
(g) Additional Information

- (1) Eurocopter Alert Service Bulletin (ASB) No. AS332-01.00.82 and ASB No. EC225-04A009, both Revision 3, both dated July 8, 2013, which are not incorporated by reference, contain additional information about the subject of this AD. For service information identified in this AD, contact American Eurocopter Corporation, 2701 N. Forum Drive, Grand Prairie, TX 75052; telephone (972) 641-0000 or (800) 232-0323; fax (972) 641-3775; or at http://www.eurocopter.com/techpub. You may review a copy of the service information at the FAA, Office of the Regional Counsel, Southwest Region, 2601 Meacham Blvd., Room 663, Fort Worth, Texas 76137.
- (2) The subject of this AD is addressed in European Aviation Safety Agency (EASA) AD No. 2013-0138R1, dated July 15, 2013. You may view the EASA AD at http://www.regulations.gov by searching for and locating it in the Docket for this AD.

(h) Subject

Joint Aircraft Service Component (JASC) Code: 6320 Main rotor gearbox.

Issued in Fort Worth, Texas, on September 9, 2013. Kim Smith, Directorate Manager, Rotorcraft Directorate, Aircraft Certification Service.



Good Merning,

If you should have any questions, comments or concerns, please confact Technical Support at 6:00-232-0323. Please see attached the Global AMOC for AD 2013-19-19 dated September 9, 2013 Effective Date October 16, 2013 concerning the ultrasonic inspection method

1 (2)

Thank you and have a great day

Functional Specialist Database Administrator

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AMOC For AD 2013-19-19 AS 332

